# **Birth Control Basics**

A Lesson Plan from Rights, Respect, Responsibility: A K-12 Curriculum Fostering respect and responsibility through age-appropriate sexuality education.

TARGET GRADE: 7 and 8

TIME: 50 Minutes

# MATERIALS NEEDED:

- Index cards one per student
- One set of the seven method cards for students' use
- One set of the seven method cards with two additional copies of the "Dual Use" card for use by teacher
- One set of the three category cards
- Newsprint one piece, posted at the front of the room
- Markers
- Masking tape

# ADVANCE PREPARATION FOR LESSON:

- Print one set of the three category cards with one each of the following per page:
  - Protects for a Few Years (Long-Acting Methods)
  - Protects for a Month (Short-Acting Methods)
  - o Protects right now
- Seven method cards copied double-sided so that the method is on one side and the three statements are on the other side – two sets needed as noted in the materials section
  - o abstinence
  - external condoms
  - o internal condoms
  - o pills/patch/ring
  - IUDs/shot/implant
  - o emergency contraception
  - o dual use

# **LEARNING OBJECTIVES:**

By the end of this lesson, students will be able to:

- Describe the impact of correct and consistent use of a birth control method on how effective it is at preventing pregnancy. [Knowledge]
- Correctly recall that there is generally a gap between when a person may start to have vaginal sex and when they may wish to get pregnant, which makes using effective birth control important. [Knowledge]
- 3. State correctly what emergency contraception is. [Knowledge]

# A NOTE ABOUT LANGUAGE:

Language is really important and we've intentionally been very careful about our language throughout this curriculum. You may notice language throughout the curriculum that seems less familiar - using the pronoun "they" instead of "her" or "him", using gender neutral names in scenarios and role-plays and referring to "someone with a vulva" vs. a girl or woman.



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This is intended to make the curriculum inclusive of all genders and gender identities. You will need to determine for yourself how much and how often you can do this in your own school and classroom, and should make adjustments accordingly.

# PROCEDURE:

**STEP 1:** Introduce the topic by explaining that birth control, sometimes called contraception, is a way to prevent a pregnancy if a different sex couple has vaginal sex. There are many different kinds of birth control that work by preventing the sperm and egg from joining in a variety of ways, if they are used consistently and correctly. This means the method is used every time the way it was intended. (2 minutes)

STEP 2: Explain by saying, "There are many methods of birth control available to people who want to wait to have children until later in life or who may never want to have children." Introduce the three categories and tape each category to the board to form three columns as you talk. Say, "All of these methods work a little differently but some protect right now, some protect for a short time, like one month, and some protect for a long-time, sometimes even a few years." Review the following 7 methods of birth control



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one at a time by showing the card with name of the method on it, stating the information about the method below and then tape the method card in the correct column you have already created.

"Abstaining from vaginal sex is the only 100% effective way to prevent pregnancy when done consistently and correctly. In fact, it is the method used by most 8th graders. Ask students what you mean by "when done consistently and correctly." Affirm or correct their statements until you feel satisfied that that they understand that abstinence only works when people use it every time. This means a penis not going inside another person's vagina. Tell them that most people are not abstinent forever but choosing to delay having sex until you are a bit older can be a very healthy choice." [Place in the "protects right now" category.]

"External condoms (sometimes called male condoms) are worn on a penis. Anyone can buy them at the store (including 8th graders) and they are very effective at preventing pregnancy when used consistently (meaning every time a couple has vaginal sex) and correctly. They also have the added bonus of protecting against most sexually transmitted diseases or STDs." [Place in the "protects right now" category.]

"Similarly to an external condom, there is also an "Internal Condom" (sometimes called female condom). An internal condom is a soft, loose, pouch that's inserted into the vagina or anus before sex and is effective at preventing pregnancy and STIs. Internal condoms may be a bit harder to find, although many health clinics have them." [Place in the "protects right now" category]

**Note to the Teacher:** You will notice that we use the phrases "external" condom. Explain that, while students may be familiar with the terms "male" condom, you are using these terms to reflect how the methods are used, rather than to assign a gender to them.

"The birth control pill, the patch and the ring all contain hormones that are very effective at preventing pregnancy. The patch and the ring work for a month at a time and then have to be replaced. The patch you replace once a week and the ring you replace once a month. The pill needs to be taken once a day, at the same time every day. A pack of pills lasts one month and then you need to start the next pack. These are called short-acting methods that you can get from a clinic." [Place in the "short-acting- protects for a month" category.]

"Most IUDs, the shot and the implant contain hormones that are very effective at preventing pregnancy for anywhere between a few months (3 months for the shot) and many years (up to 10 for some IUDs). These are called long-acting methods that you can get from a clinic too." [Place in the "long-acting- protects for a few years" category.]

"Emergency contraception, often called Plan B, is medicine that is taken after unprotected vaginal sex to prevent pregnancy and the sooner it is taken after vaginal sex, the more effective it is." [Place in the "protects right now" category.]

"Dual use is when people who have vaginal sex want to get the most effective protection possible by using a condom in addition to another method (a condom and the pill, a

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condom and the IUD). This doubles their protection and helps protect them against both unintended pregnancy and sexually transmitted diseases. But this does not apply to using two condoms at the same time, which should not be done, as that can cause the latex to break." [Place a dual use sign in all three categories to show that a wide variety of methods can be used together.] (15 minutes)

Note to the Teacher: At the end, your board should look like this.

**STEP 3**: Explain that the next activity will help students learn a bit more about the benefits of the various methods and how well they work when they are used correctly and consistently. Explain that the class will be playing a game called "Which One is Not True."

Protects Right Now	Protects for a Month (Short-Acting Methods)	Protects for a Few Years (Long-Acting Methods)	
Abstinence	Pills/Patch/Ring	IUDs/Shot/Implant	
External Condoms	Dual Use	Dual Use	
Internal Condoms			
Emergency Contraception		110 / 100	

Select seven student volunteers and have them come to the front of the room.

**Note to the Teacher:** Select students who you think would not be too embarrassed to participate and can handle the activity maturely.

Give each of the seven volunteers one of the seven method cards and have them review the three statements on the back of the card to prepare to read them aloud to the class.

While volunteers are preparing, explain to the rest of the class that each of the seven students will be representing one of the methods of birth control that are on the board. The students will be sharing three statements about the method but only two will be true and one will be a lie. The class needs to decide which statement is the lie and be able to explain why it's a lie.

Once the seven students are ready, have them reveal which birth control method they are and read aloud the three statements. Ask the class to guess which statement is the lie and explain why it's a lie adding in accurate information as needed and correcting any misinformation that might come up. Continue playing until all seven methods have been shared. Once done, thank the volunteers and have students return to their seats.

Note to the Teacher: You can turn this activity into a competitive game with teams and points if you think your students will respond well and you have the time and set-up that would allow this. (20 minutes)

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Statement 1) Abstinence, if used consistently and correctly, is 100% effective at preventing pregnancy.

Statement 2) Abstaining from vaginal, oral, and anal sex can also protect against STDs.

person is under the influence of drugs or alcohol and (NOT TRUE - Abstinence can fail if, for example, a Statement 3) Abstinence never fails. doesn't stay abstinent.)

Statement 1) You must be 16 years old to purchase external condoms. (NOT TRUE – Condoms can be legally bought from any store at any age. While they may be placed behind a counter, anyone of any age is legally allowed to but condoms in all 50 states.)

preventing pregnancy, but this can go up to 98% effective when Statement 2) External Condoms are around 80% effective at used correctly.

Statement 1) Internal condoms can be placed inside a vagina or an anus. Statement 2) An internal condom cannot be used with an external condom; it can cause both condoms to break. Statement 3) Internal condoms don't protect against STIs. (NOT TRUE - Internal condoms do help prevent STIs.)

Statement 1) The pill, patch and ring can help reduce menstrual cramps and make menstrual periods shorter.

Statement 2) The pill, patch and ring, if used consistently and correctly, are each 99% effective at preventing pregnancy. Statement 3) The pill, patch and ring, if used consistently and correctly, ᡏ pregnancy but do not provide any protection against STDs. So using (NOT TRUE – The pill, patch and ring ONLY provide protection from are also really effective at preventing STDs.

condom along with one of these methods will help increase the

protection against pregnancy and protect against STDs.)

(NOT TRUE - The IUD, shot and implant require a person to Statement 1) You can get the IUD, shot and implant at pharmacies like Target, Walgreens or CVS. go to a health care provider.)

Statement 2) Many people who use the IUD, shot or implant experience much shorter and lighter menstrual periods. Statement 3) The IUD, shot and implant, if used consistently and correctly, are 99% effective at preventing pregnancy.

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contraception from a drugstore like Target, CVS, Rite Aid or Walgreens. Statement 1) Anyone of any age and gender can buy emergency

emergency contraception, the more effective it is. It must be taken within Statement 2) The sooner after unprotected vaginal sex a person takes five days after unprotected sex. Statement 3) Emergency contraception works by forming a barrier in the ovaries to not let any eggs out and sometimes by preventing the egg (NOT TRUE - Emergency contraception works mostly by telling the fallopian tube which prevents sperm from passing through. from being fertilized.)

addition to another method of birth control for STD and pregnancy Statement 1) Dual use generally means using a condom in prevention.

Statement 2) A person would need to get a doctor's permission (NOT TRUE - Dual use is something two people can decide on their own if they want to increase their protection.) before they used dual use with their partner.

condoms at a drugstore like Target, CVS, Rite Aid or Walgreens. Statement 3) A person of any age is legally allowed to buy